## PERFORMANCE DATA

Unit Size	Face Velocity	Air Flow	Total Pressure	Static Pressure	Noise Criteria	Proximity to Outlet [ft] DR 20%		Adjacent Zone	
L x W [in]	[fpm]	[cfm]	[in. w.g.]	[in. w.g.]	[NC]	ΔT = 5 °F	ΔT = 10 °F	DT = 5°F	DT = 10°F
24 x 12	20	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	30	57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	40	76	0.01	0.01	-	-	-	-	-
	50	95	0.02	0.02	-	-	-	-	-
48 x 12	20	77	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	30	115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	40	154	0.01	0.01	-	-	-	-	-
	50	192	0.02	0.02	-	-	1	-	-
72 x 12	20	116	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	30	173	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
	40	231	-	-	-	-	2	-	1
	50	289	0.01	0.01	-	-	4	1	3

## **Performance Notes:**

- 1. Sound and pressure drop tested in accordance with ASHRAE Standard 70-2006 (RA 2011) "Method of Testing for Rating the Performance of Air Outlets and Inlets."
- 2. Air flow is in cubic feet per minute, cfm.
- 3. Pressure is in inches of water, in. w.g.
- 4. The NC values, sound pressure level, are based on a room absorption of 10 dB, re 10<sup>-12</sup> watts and one diffuser.
- 5.  $\Delta T$  is the difference between the room air temperature 3 ½ ft above the floor and the temperature of the supply air.
- 6. Proximity to outlet is the minimum distance from an outlet to the occupant in order to achieve the listed DR value.
- 7. Distances closer to the diffuser have a higher DR than the cataloged value.
- DR is the predicted percentage of people dissatisfied (PPD) due to draft. A value of less than 20 meets the requirements of ASHRAE Standard 55-2013, Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy.
- 9. Blanks "-" indicate that the DR is below the specified value at all distances from the diffuser face.
- 10. DR catalog data is presented for an occupant density of 25 people/1000 ft2, which is the default occupancy density for classrooms (ages 5-8) given by ASHRAE 62.1-2013. For other occupant densities, please refer to the DV Room
- 11. The Adjacent zone describes the distance from the face of the diffuser and measured 1 in. from the floor, at which the supply air velocity is 50 fpm.